

Dependent Resurvey, Portion of Subdivisional Lines,
T. 20 S., R. 7 W., Willamette Meridian, Oregon

CHAINS

A fir, 13 ins. diam., bears S. $83\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ E., 13 lks. dist., with healed blaze.

A fir, 15 ins. diam., bears S. $37\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W., 18 lks. dist., with healed blaze.

Add the marks AM to corner stone and deposit stone, and reset iron rod at original corner position.

From this same point, the cor. of secs. 31 and 32 only, T. 19 S., R. 7 W., bears S. $89^{\circ} 28'$ E., 8.84 chs. dist., hereinbefore described.

Land, mountainous.

Soil, rocky clay.

Timber, fir, hemlock, cedar, maple, alder, chinquapin, madrone, and dogwood; undergrowth, vine maple, hazel, arrowwood, manzanita, ceanothus, blackberry, huckleberry, Oregon grape, salal, and fern.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The lands included in the foregoing survey are located on the northeast edge of the 1966 Oxbow Burn in the Coast Range approximately 25 miles southwest of Eugene, Oregon. The area is drained primarily by the Siuslaw River on the north, Smith River on the south, and by many small tributaries flowing into these rivers. The elevation ranges from about 500 feet above sea level on the Siuslaw River in section 3, to about 1,700 feet above sea level near the northwest corner of section 6.

Access is gained into the area by way of Oxbow Road, a paved Bureau of Land Management access road, and numerous gravelled and dirt logging roads.

Soil is composed of rocky clay, from a few inches deep at the higher elevations, and some sandy loam along the river bottom with a depth of several feet. The soil is suited primarily for the growing of timber, with timber harvesting and recreation being the chief activities of the area. Timber consists primarily of fir, hemlock, alder, and maple, with some cedar, yew, madrone, chinquapin, and dogwood. The undergrowth consists chiefly of vine maple, ceanothus, manzanita, hazel, arrowwood, huckleberry, blackberry, poison oak, Oregon grape, salal, and fern. The 1966 Oxbow Burn fire burned extensively in the entire township except sections 1, 12, 13, and 14.

No evidence of mineral deposits was noted in the area covered by the survey.

The average of a considerable number of readings throughout the area gives a value of $20^{\circ} 05'$ E., for the mean magnetic declination. There is a range of $1^{\circ} 15'$ in local attraction.