

County Surveyor's Record, Douglas County, Oregon

Dependent Resurvey, Portion of Subdivisional Lines, **15,772**
T. 28 S., R. 4 W., Willamette Meridian, Oregon

CHAINS

79.j2

The cor. of secs. 5, 6, 7, and 8, perpetuated and recorded by James W. Byron, Deputy County Surveyor, in 1959, monumented with an iron post. 2 ins. diam., firmly set, projecting 12 ins. above ground, with brass cap mkd.

COUNTY SURVEYORS OFFICE

S 6 | S 5
S 7 | S 8
T 28 S R 4 W
1959

*FD- 7/91
G. BAUGHMAN
M 113-49*

from which the remains of the original bearing trees

A madrone snag, 14 ins. diam., bears S. 40°W., 40 lks. dist., with scribe marks S28 R4 B visible on opened blaze.

and bearing trees mkd. by Byron

A fir, 49 ins. diam., bears N. 67 1/2° E., 81 lks. dist., with healed double blaze.

A fir, 25 ins. diam., bears S. 7° E., 21 1/2° lks. dist., with healed double blaze.

A fir, 14 ins. diam., bears S. 16° W., 24 lks. dist., with healed double blaze.

A fir, 11 ins. diam., bears N. 8° W., 34 lks. dist., with healed double blaze.

Land, mountainous.

Soil, rocky clay.

Timber, fir, cedar, maple, hemlock, and madrone; undergrowth, hazel, salal, arrowwood, poison oak, Oregon grape, fern, and ceanothus.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The lands included in the notes of the foregoing resurvey are located about 6 miles southerly from the town of Dixonville, Oregon. The area is drained by South Fork of Deer Creek, South Myrtle Creek, and a number of their tributaries. Elevations range from about 1,000 feet above sea level near the corner of sections 7, 12, 13, and 18, on the west boundary of the township, to about 3,000 feet above sea level on top of Brushy Butte near the 1/4 section corner of sections 17 and 18.

Access into the area is by way of a paved county road, and a number of gravelled and dirt roads branching from it.

Soil in the area is composed of rocky clay loam on the steep slopes and clay loam in the lower elevations.

Timber consists of fir, hemlock, cedar, oak, madrone, and chinquapin; with undergrowth of Oregon grape, hazel poison oak, arrowwood, huckleberry, salal, young timber, and fern.

The area is valuable mainly for its timber, with some grazing in the lower elevations. There are a few permanent residents located in the area. No mineral deposits were noted during the course of the resurvey.