

14457 County Surveyor's Record, Douglas County, Oregon

Dependent Resurvey, Line Bet. Sections 20 and 29, T. 25 S., R. 1 W.

CHAINS

from which the remaining original bearing tree

A decayed fir stump, 9 ins. diam., bears N. 77° W., 15 lks. dist., with axe marks visible on bark.

and bearing trees mkd. by Vernon W. Hosford, Registered Land Surveyor, No. 253, in 1950, and reported by Tracy, in 1967

A fir, 16 ins. diam., bears N. 66½° E., 19 lks. dist., with healed blaze.

A fir, 18 ins. diam., bears S. 71 3/4° E., 14 lks. dist., with fragmentary scribe marks visible on open blaze.

A fir, 28 ins. diam., bears S. 45 3/4° W., 47 lks. dist., with healed blaze.

A fir, 22 ins. diam., bears N. 45° W., 83 lks. dist., with healed blaze.

Land, mountainous.

Soil, rocky clay loam.

Timber, fir, cedar, hemlock, madrone and alder; undergrowth, young timber, huckleberry, hazel, salal, Oregon grape, salmonberry, blackberry, vine maple, arrowwood, ceanothus and fern.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The line between sections 20 and 29, township 25 south, range 1 west, is located in rough and mountainous terrain, in Douglas County, about ten miles northeasterly from the town of Idleyld Park, Oregon. The elevations range from about 1900 feet above sea level up to about 2600 feet above sea level.

The soil is a rocky clay loam, not well suited to agricultural purposes, but does support heavy stands of timber. The timber is primarily Douglas fir, western hemlock, cedar, oak, madrone and alder, with a dense undergrowth of young timber, huckleberry, hazel, salal, Oregon grape, salmonberry, vine maple, blackberry, arrowwood, ceanothus, vines and ferns. The area is drained by the East Fork of Rock Creek, which in turn drains into the North Umpqua River. The area is reached by way of a paved and gravelled logging road along Rock Creek, and various dirt logging roads which lead off this main artery.

There were no mineral deposits noted along the line of this resurvey.

The average of several observations made gives a value of 18° 20' E. for the mean magnetic declination. There is a range of up to 1½° due to local attraction.