

County Surveyor's Record, Douglas County, Oregon

Subdivision of Section 10, T. 31 S., R. 3 W.

CHAINS

From the $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. of secs. 10 and 11.S. $89^{\circ} 54'$ W., on the E. and W. center line of sec. 10.

Descend 505 ft. over broken NW. slope, through heavy timber and dense undergrowth.

15.30 Ravine, drains NW.; desc. 385 ft. over broken NW. slope.

29.60 East Fork of Stouts Creek, 10 lks. wide, course NE.; asc. 340 ft. over SE slope.

39.40 The center $\frac{1}{4}$ section corner of Sec. 10.

Ascend 190 ft. over SE slope.

45.80 Ravine, drains S. 50° E.; asc. 415 ft. over NE. slope, Changing to E. slope.59.00 Ridge, bears N. 10° E. and S. 10° W.; desc. 340 ft. over W. slope, changing to broken SW. slope.73.60 Ravine, drains S. 20° W.; asc. 30 ft. along S. slope.79.10 The $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. of secs. 9 and 10.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The land included in the foregoing survey are situated about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the hamlet of Milo, Oregon. Access is gained by way of Stouts Creek Road, a gravelled road extending south along Stouts Creek from Milo.

The area is drained by Stouts Creek and its tributaries which flow northerly into the South Umpqua River. The area is very steep; elevations range from about 1,250 feet above sea level at Stouts Creek between sections 3 and 10, to about 2,500 feet above sea level on the ridge between sections 3 and 10.

The soil is composed generally of rocky clay loam. The surveyed area is covered with fine stands of old growth timber consisting primarily of fir, with stands of hemlock, cedar, pine, alder, madrone, dogwood, live oak, maple, chinquapin, and yew; the undergrowth includes vine maple, salal, Oregon grape, fern, hazel, ocean spray, poison oak, huckleberry, blackberry, rhododendron, and manzanita.

No evidence of mineral was noted in the area.

The average of a considerable number of readings throughout the entire area gives a mean magnetic declination of $19^{\circ} 18'$ E. with a range of $1^{\circ} 00'$ in local attraction.