

County Surveyor's Record, Douglas County, Oregon

Remonumentation, Certain Original Corner Points, T. 25 S. R. 8 W.

CHAINS

The $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. of sec. 2 only, on the W. bdy of the sec., determined at record bearing and distance from the S.E. bearing tree and record bearing from the N.E. bearing tree:

A fir, 17 ins. diam., bears N. 65° E., 34 lks. dist., mkd. S on an opened blaze.
(Record, a hemlock, 44 lks. dist.)

A cedar, 17 ins. diam., bears S. 70° E., 37 lks. dist., mkd. 2 BT on an opened blaze.
(Record, a fir.)

At the corner point

Set an iron post, 28 ins. long, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ins. diam., 24 ins. in the ground, with brass cap mkd.

T 25 S R 8 W
 |
 $\frac{1}{4}$
 S 2
 1965

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The lands included in the foregoing survey are located about 6 miles northwest of Umpqua, Oregon. The area is drained by Cougar Creek, Hubbard Creek, and their tributaries, northeasterly into the Umpqua River. Elevations range from about 300 ft. above sea level at the corner of sections 1, 6, 7 and 12 on the east boundary of the township to about 2000 ft. above sea level on the ridge near the corner of sections 1, 2, 35 and 36, on the south boundary of the township.

Access is by way of Hubbard Creek Road to the southeastern part of the township and a new road along the Umpqua River, from Umpqua to Tyee, in the northeastern portion of the township, with a dirt road traversing along the main ridges in the immediate area.

The soil is mainly rocky clay with sand along the creek bottoms. The timber is predominately Douglas fir, with stands of fir, cedar, hemlock, madrone, maple, alder, dogwood, chinquapin, live oak, myrtle, and yew. The undergrowth consists of young timber, salal, rhododendron, hazel, vine maple, arrowwood, huckleberry, Oregon grape, salmonberry, poison oak, manzanita, vines and ferns.

No evidence of mineral was noted in the area and there are no settlers in the immediate area.

The average of a considerable number of readings throughout the area, gives a value of 19° 30' E. for the mean magnetic declination. There is a range of 45' in local attraction.