

Subdivision of T. 29 S., R. 2 E.

CHAINS

A Douglas fir, 32 ins. diam., bears S. 1°E., 100 lks.  
dist., mkd. T 29 S R 2 E S 13 B T

A Sugar pine, 48 ins. diam., bears S. 73°W., 39 lks.  
dist., mkd. T 29 S R 2 E S 14 B T

A Douglas fir, 5 ins. diam., bears N. 29°W., 31 lks.  
dist., mkd. T 29 S R 2 E S 11 B T

Land, mountainous and not very rough.

Soil, clay loam; 2nd rate.

Timber, Douglas fir, white fir, hemlock, cedar and pine.

Undergrowth, vinemaple and rhododendron.

N. 89°58'E., on a random line, bet. secs. 12 and 13.

40.00 Set. temp.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor.

80.40 Intersect E. bdy. of Tp. 26 lks. N. of the cor. of secs.  
7, 12, 13, and 18.

Thence,

N. 89° 51'W., on a true line, bet. secs. 12 and 13.

Over mountainous land, through heavy timber and dense  
undergrowth.

Descend 240 ft. over rocky NW. slope.

14.00 Dry, rocky gulch, course N. Ascend 260 ft. over NE. slope.

21.00 Pass 100 lks. N. of foot of bluff 200 ft. high, facing NE.

This is known as "Lone Woman Rock" so called because of  
an excellent profile of a woman's face, quite noticeable  
when viewed from the NW.

25.00 Spur, slopes N. Descend 100 ft. over broken NW. slope.

30.00 Dry gulch, opens N. Continue over gradual N. slope.

35.00 Enter an old burn, known as Buckeye Burn, bearing NE. and  
SW.

40.20 Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 1 in. diam., 27 ins. in the  
ground, for  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor., with brass cap mkd.

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \text{ S } 12}{\text{S } 13}$$

1926

from which

A white fir, 6 ins. diam., bears N. 67°E., 50 lks.

dist., mkd.  $\frac{1}{4}$  S 12 B T