

Subdivision of T. 31 S., R. 4 W.

CHAINS

marked T 31 S R 4 W C C S 3 and 4 B T.

As the old cor. established for secs. 3, 4, 33 and 34, is not a cor. to secs. 3 and 4, I destroy the marks on the SE and SW faces and the marks on the E and W edges of the tree cor. and also the marks on the 2 fir witness trees S of the cor. in T 31 S R 4 W.

Land, mountainous. 103.47 chs.

Soil, 3d rate.

Heavily timbered with fir, laurel, cedar, chinquapin, yew and maple. 103.47 chs.

Dense undergrowth of vine maple, laurel, hazel, huckleberry, salalberry, chinquapin, alder, cedar, fir, maple, rhododendron and madrone. 103.47 chs.

July 19, 1894.

From the cor. to secs. 21, 22, 27 and 28, I run S.89°51'W., on a blank line, bet. secs. 21 and 28.

Va.19°E.

Descend.

-10

.30 A stream, 3 lks. wide, course SW; ascend.

+60

5.00 Descend.

-40

7.25 A ravine, course N and S; ascend.

+200

21.00 Summit of spur, course N and S; descend.

-175

30.30 A stream, 10 lks. wide, course SE; ascend.

+200

38.74 To a point, 22 lks. S of the  $\frac{1}{4}$  cor. which is a post greatly decayed with marks nearly obliterated, I find the 2 witness trees broken off about 12 ft. above ground.

At cor. point, set a fir post, 4 ft. long, 4 ins. sq., 24 ins. in the ground, for  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor. marked  $\frac{1}{4}$  S on N face; from which

A laurel, 10 ins. diam., bears N.5°W., 52 lks. dist., marked  $\frac{1}{4}$  S B T.

A chinquapin, 8 ins. diam., bears S.10°W., 32 lks.