

Resurvey of Subdivisional Lines, T. 26 S., R. 2 W.

CHAINS

Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 1 in. diam., 26 ins. in the ground, for $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., with brass cap marked

$\frac{1}{4}$
 S26 | S25
 1916

from which

A hemlock, 10 ins. diam., bears N.33*E., 14 lks. dist.

Marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 25 B T (Orig. B.T.)

A fir, 30 ins. diam., bears N.27*W., 30 lks. dist.

Marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 26 B T

I destroy the corresponding cor. of the rejected revision survey and marks on bearing trees.

Thence

N.0*09'E., continuing the measurement

Descend steep NE slope

55.15 Creek, 1 lk. wide, course NE, continue gradual descent

59.00 Creek, 2 lks. wide, course NE

68.95 Creek, 1 lk. wide, course NE

73.85 Creek, 2 lks. wide, course E

81.95 Creek, 1 lk. wide, course NE

87.27 Intersect the original cor. of secs. 23, 24, 25 and 26

established by Deputy McQuinn in 1883; the old post has been obliterated by decay, but its position is shown by a ring of stones, evidently originally placed around the post. The cor. is witnessed as described by the surveyor general, except for slight discrepancies in the position of the bearing trees. I now perpetuate this cor., as follows: at the exact cor. point

Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 2 ins. diam., 24 ins. in the ground, for cor. of secs. 23, 24, 25 and 26, with brass cap marked

T26S | R2W
 S23 | S24
 S26 | S25
 1916

from which