

Resurvey of Subdivisional Lines, T. 26 S., R. 2 W.

CHAINS	
	<p>by the surveyor general, bears N.1*51'W., 20.19 chs. dist.</p> <p>I destroy the corresponding cor. of rejected revision survey and marks on bearing trees.</p> <p>Land, mountainous</p> <p>Soil, stony clay loam, 3rd rate</p> <p>Timber, fir, cedar and madrona</p> <p>Undergrowth, hazel, vine-maple, arrowwood and fir.</p>
	<p>N.89*01'E., resurveying the line bet. secs. 25 and 36.</p> <p>Over mountainous land, through dense timber and undergrowth.</p> <p>Ascend steep rocky SW slope</p>
5.15	Rocky spur, slopes S, descend steep rocky SE slope
17.60	Creek, 2 lks. wide, course SE
22.35	Creek, 1 lk. wide, course SW, ascend SW slope
29.40	Begin steep ascent
33.20	Top of ascent, on bench of mountain
35.50	Ascend W. slope
41.80	<p>Intersect the original $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., established by Deputy McQuinn in 1883 and not reported found in any subsequent survey. The old post is found, broken off at the ground. The bearing trees agree with the field notes in size and kind, but not exactly in position. The original bearing tree on North is dead. I perpetuate this cor. as follows: at the exact cor. point</p> <p>Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 1 in. diam., 26 ins. in the ground, for $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., with brass cap marked</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\frac{1}{4} \begin{array}{l} S25 \\ S36 \\ 1916 \end{array}$ </div> <p>from which</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">A laurel, 10 ins. diam., bears N.24*E., 18 lks. dist.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">Marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 25 B T</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">A laurel, 6 ins. diam., bears S.9*W., 11 lks. dist.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">Marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 36 B T</p>