

## Subdivisions of T. 23 S., R. 10 W.

CHAINS	Descend steep hill, sloping W.
78.65	Rocky bed of stream, 10 lks. wide, dry at this point, 400 ft. below base of bluff; course SE.
86.00	Branch, 1 lk. wide; course S.20°E.
	August 6, 1906.
	Ascend along gulch.
92.50	Leave gulch, course from the NW.
102.00	Summit of spur, 100 ft. above gulch sloping SE.
103.00	Descend mountainside, sloping NE.
109.00	Foot of descent, 100 ft. below summit.
113.53	Intersect N. boundary of T., 1.36 chs. S.89°4'W., of $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. on S. boundary of sec. 35, which is a decayed fir post, marked and witnessed as described by the Surveyor General.
	I destroy this old post and at the same point, Set a new fir post, 3 ft. long, 5 ins. sq., 24 ins. in the ground, marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 35 on N face.
	At point of intersection, Set a fir post, 3 ft. long, 4 ins. sq., 24 ins. in the ground, for C C of secs. 2 and 3, marked C C T 23 S R 10 W on S., S 2 on E., and S 3 on W face, with 2 grooves on E & 4 grooves on W face, from which A hemlock, 20 ins. diam., bears S.58°E., 64 lks. dist., marked T 23 S R 10 W S 2 B T. A alder, 24 ins. diam., bears S.86°W., 23 lks. dist., marked T 23 S R 10 W S 3 B T.
	I make diligent search, but find no trace of cor. set by W. H. Byars for cor. of secs. 2 and 3, which is described as being a fir post with bearing trees.
	Land, mountainous.
	Soil, very rocky in places; 3rd rate.
	Timber, first and second growth fir, hemlock and alder.